

Unit 1 How can I get there?

PEP 六年级上册

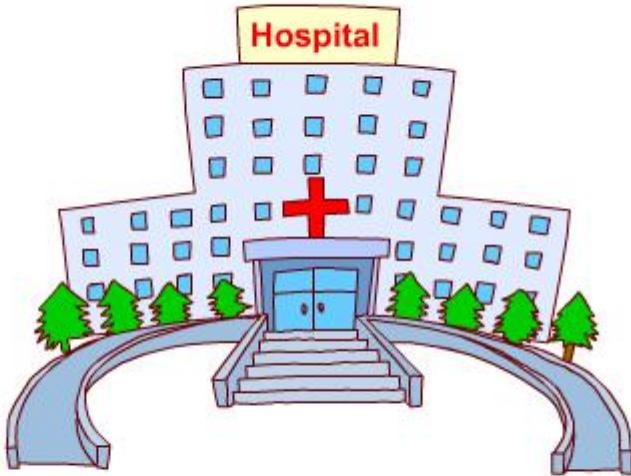


Part B & Part C

建议3个课时完成



话题导入



课时 1

Let's try & Let's talk



Let's try



Wu Yifan is calling Mike. Listen and tick or cross.

1. () They want to go to the bookstore.

2. () The cinema is next to the bookstore.



Let's talk



Mike: What an interesting film!

Wu Yifan: Yes, but I'm hungry now. I know a great Italian restaurant.

Mike: Yum! I like pizza! Where is the restaurant.

Wu Yifan: It's next to the park on Dongfang street.

Mike: How can we get there?

Robin: Turn left at the bookstore. Then turn right at the hospital.

Mike: Ok, Let's go.

How can Wu Yifan and Mike get to the restaurant?



Let's talk



Talk about a cinema or restaurant you like.

How can you get there?



I like...



How can I get to the...?

Turn left/right at...



知识讲解



讲解来自《点拨》



知识点 1

interesting /'intrəstiŋ/ adj.有趣的

例句：The story is interesting.这个故事很有趣。

加法记忆法：interest(兴趣)+ing=interesting(有趣的)



拓展 词形变化：interest *n.* 兴趣

易混词：interested *adj.*感兴趣的



知识讲解



讲解来自《点拨》

★ 拓展

interesting与interested的区别：

interesting是“主动”形容词, 用来形容物或人本身很有趣；而interested是“被动”形容词, 表示“对.....感兴趣”。

例句：The panda is interesting.

这只熊猫很有趣。

Amy is interested in the storybook.

艾米对这本故事书感兴趣。



知识讲解



讲解来自《点拨》



知识点 2

Italian /ɪ'tæliən/ adj. 意大利的

例句： My pen pal is an Italian boy.

我的笔友是一个意大利男孩。



考向 词形变化：Italy *n.* 意大利



知识讲解



讲解来自《点拨》

★ 拓展 Italian还可作名词, 意为“意大利人”。

英语中对应的国家名和人:

China, 中国—Chinese, 中国人

America, 美国—American, 美国人

Australia, 澳大利亚—Australian, 澳大利亚人

Canada, 加拿大—Canadian, 加拿大人



知识讲解



讲解来自《点拨》



知识点 3

How can we get there?

重点

我们怎么到那儿？



考向1 用法：该句是一个由how引导的特殊疑问句，用于问路。how意为“怎样”，用来询问做事情的方式，位于句首，引导特殊疑问句。



考向2 can是情态动词，意为“能；能够”，后跟动词原形。



知识讲解



讲解来自《点拨》



考点3 get to+地点名词/get+地点副词, 表示“到达某地”。

常用句型是: How can I/we get (to). . .?

我/我们怎么到.....?

例句: —How can I get to the bookstore?

我怎样能到书店?

—You can go by the No.14 bus.

你可以乘坐14路公共汽车。



知识讲解



讲解来自《点拨》

例句：—How can we get there?

我们怎么到那儿？

—Turn right at the school.

易错点
提示

校右转。

get后面跟here/there/home等副词时, to要省略。



知识讲解



讲解来自《点拨》

★ 拓展

除了上面的句型,问路还可以用下面的句型哟!

(1) **Where is + 地点名词? (.....在哪里?)**

例句: Where is the hospital?

医院在哪儿?

(2) **Which is the way to + 地点名词? (哪条路是去.....的?)**

例句: Which is the way to the hospital?

哪条路是去医院的?



知识讲解



讲解来自《点拨》

★ 拓展

(3) Can you tell me the way to+地点名词?

(你能告诉我去.....的路吗？)

例句：Can you tell me the way to the hospital?

你能告诉我去医院的路吗？



知识讲解



讲解来自《点拨》



知识点 4

Turn left at the bookstore.

重点

到书店左转。



考向1 turn /tɜːn/ *v.* 意为“转弯”, 表示改变方向。

例句: Turn around, please!

请转圈!



拓展 turn作为名词, 意思是“转弯, 机会”。

例句: It's your turn now.

现在轮到你了



知识讲解



讲解来自《点拨》



考点2 **left /left / n. & adv.**意为“左”。

对应词: **right(右)**

短语: **on the left/right 在左边/右边**



考点3 表示“在某地向左转/向右转”的句型:

Turn left/right at + 地点.

例句: Turn left at the cinema.

在电影院向左转。

Turn right at the post office.

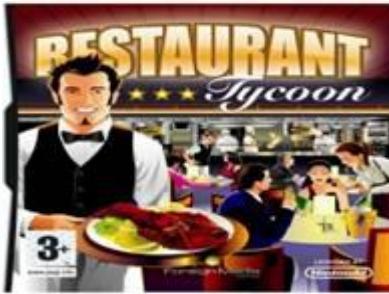
在邮局向右转。



Pairwork



同桌两人之间讨论自己喜欢的饭店或者电影院并询问对方怎样到那儿。



A: I am hungry now. I know a great restaurant.
Do you want to go?

B: Where is the restaurant?

A: It's next to the hospital.

B: How can we get there?

A: Turn left at the cinema. Then ...



当堂检测



习题来自《点拨》

一、单项选择。

1. I have _____ doll.

- A. a interesting B. an interesting C. an interested

点拨：修饰物一般用形容词interesting。

2. My cousin comes from _____. He is _____.

- A. Italian; Italy B. Italy; Italian C. Italian; Italian



当堂检测



习题来自《点拨》

3. _____ can we get to the zoo?

- A. What B. Where C. How

4. Can you _____ me?

- A. help B. Helping C. to help

点拨：can为情态动词，后面接动词原形，故选A。



当堂检测



习题来自《点拨》

5. —The zoo is far. How can we A there?

—We can go by bus.

- A. get
- B. getting
- C. get to

点拨：there为副词， get后接副词时， 要省略to， 故选A。

6. Turn right A the school.

- A. at
- B. of
- C. on



当堂检测



习题来自《点拨》

二、同义句表达。

Where is the cinema?

How can I get to the cinema?

Which is the way to the cinema?



课堂小结



本节课我们学习了以下知识，请同学们一定加强巩固，以便能和同学们进行灵活交流哦！

重点词汇：interesting, Italian, left, get

重点短语：turn left, turn right

重点句式：—How can we get there?

—Turn left at the bookstore.



课后作业



1 熟记本节课所学的四会句型、短语和单词，
必须会听、说、读、写。

2 将Let's talk的对话朗读流利。



听力原文



Wu Yifan: Hi, Mike. Let's go to the cinema.

Mike: Sure. How can I get there?

Wu Yifan: Go to Main Street. Turn left at the bookstore. The cinema is next to the bookstore. See you soon.

Mike: OK. Bye.



THANK YOU!



Unit 1 How can I get there?

PEP 六年级上册



Part B & Part C



课时 1

Let's try & Let's talk



课后作业



习题源于《典中点》

一、读一读，选一选并填写在相应的横线上。



1. Turn left at the hospital.

2. How can I get to the library?

3. What an interesting book!

4. My home is near my school.

5. Where is the museum?



课后作业



习题源于《典中点》

二、单项选择

(B) 1. I'm hungry now. Let's go to a _____.

- A. hospital B. restaurant C. post office

点拨: 前一句句意: 我现在饿了。故应该是要去饭馆。

(B) 2. Turn right _____ the cinema.

- A. on B. at C. of

(C) 3. How can we _____ there?

- A. get to B. come C. get



课后作业



习题源于《典中点》

(B) 4. I know _____ Italian restaurant.

- A. a
- B. an
- C. /

点拨: Italian是以元音音素开头的单词，故前面用冠词an。

(B) 5. _____ beautiful flowers!

- A. What a
- B. What
- C. How



课后作业



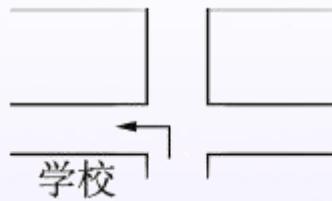
习题源于《典中点》

三、根据图片选择正确的句子。

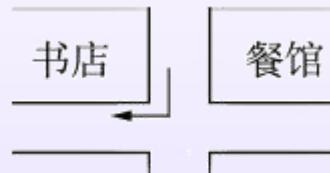
(A) 1. A. The cinema is next to the hospital.
B. The park is next to the hospital.



(B) 2. A. Turn right at the school.
B. Turn left at the school.



(B) 3. A. Turn left at the restaurant.
B. Turn right at the bookstore.



课后作业



习题源于《典中点》

四、下面是Mike和Amy的聊天记录。请你按1—6的顺序排序，使其成为一段完整的对话。

(5) How can we get there?

(2) Yes, but I'm hungry now. I know a great Italian restaurant.

(4) It's next to the museum on Hongxin Street.

(3) Yum! I like pizza! Where is the restaurant?

(1) What an interesting film!

(6) Turn left at the bookstore. Then turn right at the hospital.



THANK YOU!

